

AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ Calendar No. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To express the sense of the Senate and establish points of order to ensure the United States adequately funds national defense with a whole-of-government investment plan for strategic competition with the People's Republic of China.

**IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—117th Cong., 1st Sess.**

**S. 1260**

To establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_ and  
ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT intended to be proposed by Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. COTTON, Ms. ERNST, Mr. TILLIS, and Mr. ROUNDS)

Viz:

1 At the appropriate place, insert the following:

2 **SEC. \_\_\_\_ . POINT OF ORDER TO ENSURE UNITED STATES**

3 **ADEQUATELY FUNDS NATIONAL DEFENSE.**

4 (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following

5 findings:

1           (1) Relative to the February 2021 Congress-  
2           sional Budget Office spending baseline, President  
3           Joseph R. Biden has proposed more than  
4           \$6,000,000,000,000 in nondefense spending outside  
5           the annual appropriations process.

6           (2) President Biden’s fiscal year 2022 budget  
7           request proposes to increase spending in the non-  
8           defense discretionary category by almost 20 percent  
9           while cutting the United States defense budget in  
10          real terms.

11          (3) This Act contains more than  
12          \$100,000,000,000 of authorizations of appropria-  
13          tions without a single additional dollar authorized to  
14          be appropriated for the Department of Defense.

15          (4) The United States Armed Forces has lost  
16          \$400,000,000,000 relative to inflation since 2011.

17          (5) The People’s Liberation Army has experi-  
18          enced real budget growth for more than two decades,  
19          including 6.8 percent growth in 2021.

20          (6) A July 22, 2019, statement by Speaker of  
21          the House of Representatives Nancy Pelosi and Sen-  
22          ator Chuck Schumer stated that “Democrats have  
23          always insisted on parity in increases between de-  
24          fense and non-defense”.

1           (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the  
2 Senate that Congress should adequately fund national de-  
3 fense with a whole-of-government investment plan for  
4 strategic competition with the People’s Republic of China,  
5 including by adhering to the principle of parity between  
6 increases for defense and nondefense spending, which  
7 would result in significant real growth for the defense  
8 budget.

9           (c) POINT OF ORDER FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022.—It  
10 shall not be in order in the Senate to consider—

11           (1) a concurrent resolution on the budget, or an  
12 amendment to, conference report on, amendment be-  
13 tween the Houses in relation to, or a motion on a  
14 concurrent resolution on the budget, that determines  
15 and declares as the appropriate level of new discre-  
16 tionary budget authority for major functional cat-  
17 egory 050 (National Defense) for fiscal year 2022  
18 an amount that is less than the total amount of the  
19 appropriate level of new discretionary budget author-  
20 ity determined and declared for all major functional  
21 categories other than major functional category 050  
22 for fiscal year 2022;

23           (2) a bill or joint resolution reported pursuant  
24 to section 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of  
25 1974 (2 U.S.C. 641), or an amendment to, con-

1       ference report on, amendment between the Houses  
2       in relation to, or motion on such a bill or joint reso-  
3       lution, that appropriates amounts for 1 or more  
4       major functional categories other than major func-  
5       tional category 050 for fiscal year 2022 and does  
6       not appropriate amounts for major functional cat-  
7       egory 050 for fiscal year 2022 in an amount that is  
8       not less than the amount appropriated under that  
9       measure for all major functional categories other  
10      than major functional category 050 for fiscal year  
11      2022; or

12           (3) a bill or joint resolution making appropria-  
13      tions for fiscal year 2022, or an amendment to, con-  
14      ference report on, amendment between the Houses  
15      in relation to, or motion on such a bill or joint reso-  
16      lution, that would cause the total amount of appro-  
17      priations for the revised nonsecurity category for fis-  
18      cal year 2022 to exceed the total amount of appro-  
19      priations for the revised security category for fiscal  
20      year 2022.

21           (d) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (c) may be  
22      waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative  
23      vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and  
24      sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members  
25      of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required

1 to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point  
2 of order raised under subsection (a).

3 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “re-  
4 vised nonsecurity category” and “revised security cat-  
5 egory” have the meanings given those terms in section  
6 250(c)(4) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit  
7 Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 900(c)(4)).